

The use of multiple data views of a

Vision

- Rethinking the hate speech detection task adopting a clustering approach;
- Extracting hate speech properties reflecting the nature of offensive comments expressed toward target attributes and target groups.

Multilingual Hate-speech Dataset

The MLMA provides a fine-grained annotation of 5.647 English tweets and 4.014 French tweets. 16 different hate speech target communities are used in this study in French and 26 in English.



Explore

Develop

Language models

3-5

#HATE

BULLY

different nature (feature and graph spaces)
to improve clustering performance.

A complete pipeline relying on multilingual pre-trained language models easily adaptable to various social networks.

General Architecture

Network construction

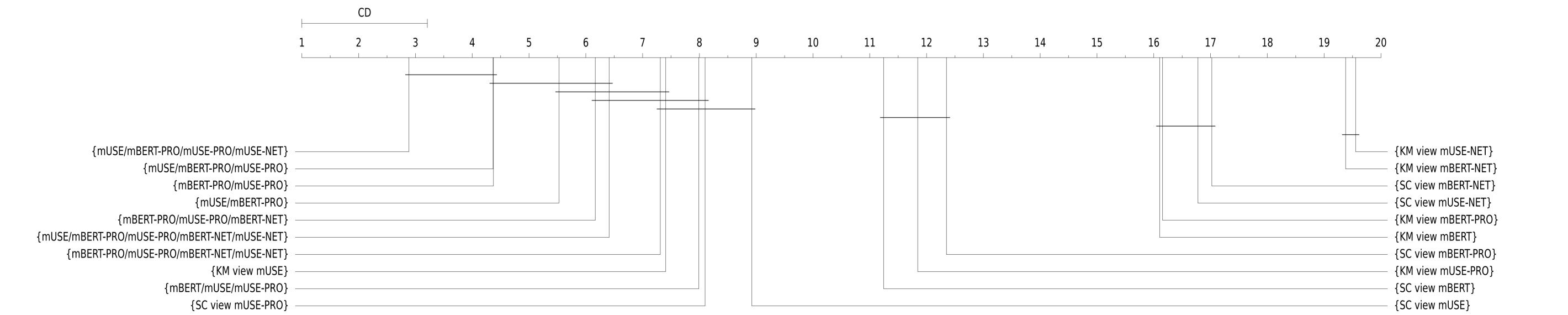
network filtering

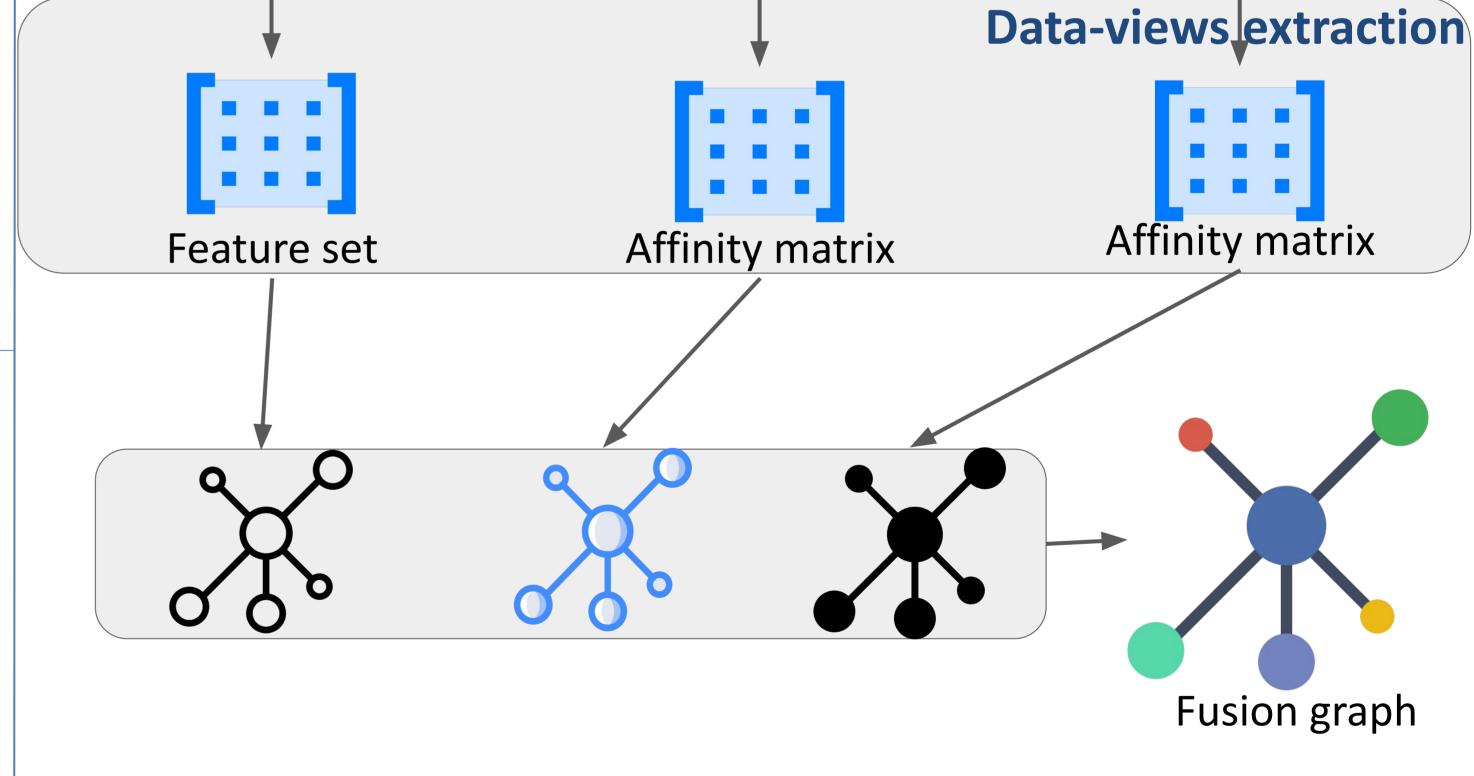
Figure: Distribution of the target attribute in both French and English corpora.

Evaluation Results

In total, 69 experiments were conducted:

- Language models:
 - mBERT (multilingual BERT)
 - mUSE (multilingual Universal Sentence Encoder)
- Clustering techniques: k-means, k-medoids, spectral clustering and MVSC-CEV
- Metrics: Purity, ARI, NMI





network projection

Figure: Multi-view clustering workflow from Twitter data.

Figure: Models' average ranking resulting from the post hoc Nemenyi test performed on each evaluation metric considering both corpora.

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